# 1. EARTH SUMMIT OR UNCED, 1992

#### Documents Released:

- 1. Rio Declaration on envi and Devlopement includes precautionary principle and polluter pays principles
- Agenda 21- Non-Binding action plan regarding Sustainable Devlopement (few modifications are done later on)
- 3. Forest Principles- Non-Binding, Montreal Process is result of this principle (MP-Conservation and Sustainable mana of temperate and Boreal forest) + Forest Europe process

### LEGALLY **BINDING** AGREEMENTS

- 1. Convention on Biological Diversity
- 2. UNFCCC Objective: Stabilize GHG concentration in atm to level that would prevent dangerous anthropogenic interference with climate system (But framework sets Non-Binding limits on GHG emissions for indi countries)
- 3. UN Convention to Combat Desertification

NOTE- MoEFCC = Nodal agency for all 3 inititives

- 2. JOHENSERBERG SUMMIT, 2002
- 3. RIO+20 (RIO CONFERENCE 2012)

#### Outcomes:

1. Document- "The Future We Want"

# 4. CONVENTION ON BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY, 2002

- USA- Only country who did not ratify
- Secretariat- Montreal (Operates under UNEP)
- 2012 COP 11 @ India, 2018- Egypt
- Legally Binding

## Goals

- 1. Conserve Biodiversity
- 2. Sustainable use of components of biodiversity
- 3. Sharing benefits in fair and equitable way

Two Supplementary Protocols-

- 1. Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety to CBD
  - Objective- 'Precautionary approach' in safe transfer, handling and use of LIVING MODIFIED ORGANISMS (LMO)
  - 2 set of agreements:
    - 1. Advance Informed Agreement
      - o For LMOs intended for direct introduction in environment
      - Parties involved should communicate decision to Biosafety Clearing House
        (BCH)- BCH in India are governed under GEAC
    - 2. Agreement for LMOs- Food or Feed or for Processing (FFP)
- 2. Nagoya- Kuala Lumpur Protocol on Liability and Redress

#### NAGOYA PROTOCOL on ABS

- Obligations- 1. Access O 2. Benefit Sharing O 3. Compliance O
- Legally binding
- Parties decided **Not to include human genetic material**

Strategic Plan for Biodiversity 2011-20- Adopted in COP 10 in Nagoya

AICHI biodiversity targets- 20 targets to Achieve above plan (short term goals of COP 10)

# 5. RAMSAR CONVENTION ON WETLANDS, 1971

- ONLY global environmental treaty that deals with particular ecosystem
- NOT affiliated to UN system of MEA
- 3 pillars- 1. Wise use of wetlands 2. International Coop 3. Ramsar List
- Secretariat- @ HO of IUCN, Switzerland
- Country with Most Ramsar sites: **UK**
- Most recent ratification- North Korea

Ramsar List- atleast 1 site while joining convention

• Transboundary Ramsar site- Cooperative, NOT a distinct status

#### Montreux record

 Record on sites in List of Wetlands of Int Impo where changes in ecological character have occurred OR occurring OR likely to occurdue to tech dev, pollution or human interference

International Organization Partners (IOP)S- total 6 WWWIIB

- 1. BirdLife International 2. IUCN (also administers secretariat of RC) 3. IWMI
- 4. Wetlands Internationals 5. WWF 6. Wildfowl & wetland Trust

Changwon Declaration- To reach beyond Ramsar community for ensuring human well-being and security

# 6. CITES aka Washington Convention

- By resolution adopted in IUCN in 1963
- COP 1<sup>st</sup>- Switzerland 1976 COP 3<sup>rd</sup>- India (Meetings every THREE years)
- Administered thr **UNEP**
- Does NOT seek to directly protect endangered species, But seek to reduce incentive for trade (both animals AND plants)
- Legally **BINDING**, but doesn't take place of national law
- 3 Appendix:
  - 1. Appendix I: Threat of extinction >>>thus greatest protection
  - 2. Appendix II: currently not threatened, but may become due to trade
  - 3. Appendix III: Country asked other party to help
- 7. TRAFFIC (Trade Related Analysis of Fauna and Flora in Commerce)
  - WWF + IUCN
  - Estd in 1976 by Species Survival Commission of IUCN
  - Wildlife trade monitoring network in **BOTh** Plants and animals
  - NGO
  - Collabs with govts, CITES
  - Current projects: 1.ReTTA- africa's wild species and ecosystem 2. Wildlife TRAPS
    - 3. Global Shark and Ray Iniative

# 8. BONN CONVENTION or CONVENTION ON MIGRATORY SPECIES OF WILD ANIMALS

- Aim- Conserve terrestrial, aquatic and avian MIGRATORY species in WILD ANIMALS
- Intergovernmental treaty under **UNEP**, Secretariat provided by **UNEP**
- Latest to join- IRAQ (124<sup>th</sup>)
- Appendix I: threatened with extinction Appendix II: need or significantly benefitted from International Coop
- Only convention under UNEP which provides conservation and sustainable use of Migratory wild animals
- 13<sup>th</sup> COP will be in Gujrat in 2020
- 9. COALITION AGAINST WILDLIFE TRAFFICKING (CAWT), 2005
  - End illegal trade in wildlife and wildlife products
  - Voluntary Public-Private Coalition
  - But does NOT directly involves in any enforcement activities

### 10. UN FORUM ON FOREST (UNFF)

- By **ECOSOC**
- ALL members of UN and Specialised agencies
- Based on 'Forest Principle' in UNCED, 1992
- Adopted Non Legally Binding Instrument (NLBI) on all types of forest

#### 11. IUCN

- 1948- oldest Envi Organisation
- NOT a part of UN, but have observer and consultative status @ UN
- Involved in estd of WWF and WCMC (World Conservation and Monitoring Centre)
- World conservation stratergy, 1980>>followed by World Charter for Nature 1982 (adopted by UNGA)
- Advises **UNESCO** on natural **World Heritage Sites**
- Highest body- World Conservation Congress (members' assembly)
- Main funding comes from- Official Devlopment Assistance budgets of bilateral and multilateral agencies
- HQ- Switzerland

#### 12. Global Tiger Forum (GTF)

- 1994, secretariat- New Delhi
- Founding partners- World Bank + Global Envi Facility + Int Tiger coalition + save the tiger foundation
- Founded on recomm of International Symposium on Tiger Censervation @ New Delhi 1993
- ONLY int body estd by willing members to embark on global campaign to protect tiger
- Implementing arm of Global Tiger Initiave Council (GTIC)
- 2019- 3<sup>rd</sup> Stock taking conference in New Delhi discuss status of Global Tiger Recovery Program (GTRP) by all tiger range countries- organized by GTF + NTCA (india) + WWF + WCT + WTI
- 2013- Snow leopard Conservation Forum estd @ Bishtek

### 13. STOCKHOLM CONVENTION ON POP 2001

- By **UNEP**
- POP- organic chemical substances (i.e. carbon based)
- Remains in atm for Longer period, Widely distri, Accumulate in fatty tissues, Toxic
- 3 Categories- 1.Pesticides 2.Industrial chemicals 3.By-products
- Some POPs under this: DDT, Aldrin, Endosulfan
- NOTE- some Natural sources also- Volcanoes and various biosynthetic pathways
- Initially addressed 12 substances (called "the dirty dozen"), now 30 chemicals included

#### 14. BASEL CONVENTION 1989

- To Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and their Disposal (NIMBY syndrome)>> includes those ending up in oceans
- Secretariat- administered by UNEP
- Examples of waste- Biomedical and healthcare waste, Used oil, Used lead acid batteries, POPs wastes
- Does NOT address movement of Radioactive waste
- Basel Ban Amendment, 1995: Blanket ban on Export of HW by OCED countries in LDCs and Non-OECD countires for ANY reason
  - o **In force** in 97 countries
  - o India, US, Russia, etc countries yet to ratify
- 2019- unsorted, mixed and contaminated plastic waste included in PIC procedure
  - o Estd Partnership on Plastic Waste
- BOMAKO CONVENTION:
  - 1. Treaty in African nations prohibiting import of any Hazardous waste
  - 2. in response to failure of Basel convention to protect LDCs

#### 15. ROTTERDAM CONVENTION, 1998

- UN treaty
- Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent Procedure for Certain Hazardous Chemicals and Pesticides in International Trade
- Based in PIC initiated by **UNEP** and **FAO**
- USA- **Not** a member
- Basel, Stockholm and Rotterdam Conventions hold back to back COPs
- Creates **legally binding** obligations

NOTE- 2012- Secretariats of Basel, Stockholm, Rotterdam>> merged to single secreatariat

## 16. UNCCD

- Legally **BINDING**, bottom up approach
- One of Rio convention
- Focus on Desertification, Land Degradation and Drought (DLDD)
- All UN members ratified

#### 17. INTERNATIONAL WHALING COMMISSION

- Set up under International Convention for Regulation of Whaling 1946
- HQ- Cambridge, UK
- Membership- NOT limited to states involved in whaling
- 1982- BAN on commercial whaling, but allows Non-zero whaling quotas for aboriginal subsistence
- 2018- Japan Withdrawn its membership to resume Commercial Whaling (after Florianopolis Declaration by members rejecting japan's proposal to resume commercial whaling)

## 18. VIENNA CONVENTION, 1985

- Multilateral Environmental Treaty (MEA) of UN
- Framework for international efforts to protect ozone layer
- Most widely ratified Treaty in UN history

#### **Montreal Protocol**

- On Substances that deplete Ozone layer
- 1<sup>st</sup> conference- HELSINKI 1989- revision of protocol- ban on 2000 chemicals causing depletion
- ODS used in- refrigeration and Air conditioning, Fire fighting, Electronics, Foams, Aerosol fumigation application
- India- facilitating implementation of Montreal proto in S and S.E. Asia and Pacific region

## Kigali Agreement

- Amendment to Montreal protocol- to phase out HFCs
- HFCs- Carbon Dioxide, Methane, Nitrous Oxide, (NOT dealt under paris agreement but under montreal protocol)
- Will be **BINDING** on countries from **2019**
- Under binding agreement- 197 countries agreed to reduce use of HFCs by roughly 85% by 2045

Devloped countries- 10% by 2019

85% by 2036

Devloping countries (China and African nations)- 10% by 2020-22

80% by 2045

Devloping countries (India, Pak, Iran, Gulf states)- start by 2028,

10% by 2032

85% by 2047

#### **20. UNEP**

- Formed @ Stockholm conference, 1972 (UNC on Human Envi)
- HQ- NAIROBI
- United Nation Environment Assembly (UNEA)- Governing body of UNEP having universal membership of 193 nations
- One of implementing agency of: GEF, Montreal protocol
- Awards: Champions of Earth, SEED (Social and Environment Entreprenuership)

#### 21. FAO

- Specialized Agency of UN
- Initiatives:
  - 1. Codex Alimentarius- int stds for food
  - 2. **Port State Measures Agreement** 1<sup>st</sup> international **binding** agreement to ban illegal fishing
  - 3. Globally Important Agricultural Heritage Systems (GIAHS)

- o landscapes of aesthetic beauty that combine agricultural biodiversity and ecosystem and valuable cultural heritage
- o 4 Indian sites:
  - 1. Saffron cultivation (Kashmir)
  - 2. Kuttanad below sea level farming in Kerala
  - 3. Koratpur traditional agriculture in Odisha
  - 4. Grand Anicut and associated farming system in Cauvery delta zone of Tamilnadu