## **Indian History Timeline 1857-1947 PDF Download**

You will find here the complete Indian history timeline from 1857 to 1947 with updated content. You can download and print this out for your further references.

1858	Bipin Chandra Pal is born on 7th Nov (to 1932)
1861	Rabindranath Tagore is born on 8th May
1863	Swami Vivekanand is born on 12th Jan (to 1902)
1865	Lala Lajpat Rai is born on 28th Jan (to 1928)
1865	The high court of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay are established
1867	"Prarthana Samaj" Established Earlier known as "Atmiya Sabha"
1869	Mahatma Gandhi is born on 2nd Oct (to 30 January 1948)
1873	"Satyashodhak Samaj" is a society established by Jyotirao Phule on 24th Sep
1875	"Arya Samaj" Established
1876	Muhammad Ali Jinnah was born (1876–1948)
1877	First Delhi Durbar on Jan 1st
1885	Indian National Congress Established on 28th Dec
1889	Jawaharlal Nehru is born on 14th November (to 1964)
1889	Keshav Baliram Hedgewar(1 April 1889 – 21 June 1940) was the founding Sarsanghachalak of the Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh (RSS) on 3rd Dec.

1891	B. R. Ambedkar is born on 14th April (to 1956)
1895	jiddu krishnamurti is born on 11th May (to 17 February 1986)
1897	Subhas Chandra Bose is born 23rd Jan (to 1945)1st finger print bureau of India est in kolkata.
1903	Second Delhi Durbar
1904	University Act
1905	Bengal Partition on 16th Oct
1906	Muslim League formed in Dacca on 30th Dec
1907	Surat Split
1909	Morley-Minto Reforms
1911	Cancellation of Partition of Bengal
1911	Third Delhi Durbar
1911	British government change capital city from Calcutta to Delhi on 12th Dec
1913	Rabindranath Tagore won Nobel Prize in Literature
1914-1918	First World War
1916	The Home Rule League
1916	Lucknow Pact (Where Gandhiji and Nehru met for first time)
1917	August Declaration
1919	Montagu-Chelmsford Reforms
1919	Rowlatt Act was passed
1919	Jallianwala Bagh massacre

1919	Khilafat Movement
1920	Non Cooperation Movement
1922	Chauri Chaura incident on Feb 22nd
1923	Swaraj Party
1927	Simon commission
1929	Lahore Congress
1930	Civil dis obedience or Salt Satyagraha
1930	First Round Table Conference
1931`	Gandhi - Irwin Pact
1931	Bhagat Singh, Rajguru and Sukhdev Martyred on 23rd March
1931	Second Round Table Conference
1932	Poona Pact
1932	Third Round Table Conference
1935	Government of India Act
1937	Indian provincial elections, 1937
1939	All India Forward Block Established by Subhas Chandra Bose
1939 - 1945	Second World War
1940	Lahore Resolution (Demand for Pakistan) on 23 March
1940	August Offer on 8th Aug
1942	Cripps Mission

1942	Quit India Movement
1942	Indian National Army Established by Subhas Chandra Bose
1943	Arzi Hukumat-e-Azad Hind, the Provisional Government of Free India formed by Netaji.
1944	Subhas Chandra Bose calls Mahatma Gandhi as the Father of the Nation.
1946	Royal Indian Navy Mutiny
1946	Cabinet Mission
1946	Interim Government
1947	Mount Pattern Plan or June 3 Plan
1947	Indian Independence Act on July
1947	India Became Free on 15th Aug and Tri colour flag was hoisted in the place of British Jack on the Historic Red Fort at Delhi